

# Pediatric Rehabilitation Protocol for Medial Tibial Stress Fracture

This protocol is intended to guide clinicians through the post-operative course for medial tibial stress injury. This protocol is time based (dependent on tissue healing) as well as criterion based. Specific intervention should be based on the needs of the individual and should consider exam findings and clinical decision making. The timeframes for expected outcomes contained within this guideline may vary based on surgeon's preference, additional procedures performed, and/or complications. If a clinician requires assistance in the progression of this patient, they should consult with the referring physician.

The interventions included within this protocol are not intended to be an inclusive list of exercises. Therapeutic interventions should be included and modified based on the progress of the patient and under the discretion of the clinician.

Rehabilitation	Ensure adequate signs of healing as per MD
Goals	Remove stress from the injured area to prevent exacerbation
	Prevent muscular and cardiovascular deconditioning
	Educate on activity modification to prevent recurrence
	Maintain flexibility and range of motion away from the injury site
Precautions	WBAT with use of boot/splint as directed by MD
Intervention	Pain management
	Cryotherapy
	Pneumatic compression
	Manual the warm
	Manual inerapy
	• Mobilization of joints of the hip, knee, ankle and foot as needed
	Range of motion/stretching
	Gentle and pain-free stretching of proximal muscle groups as indicated
	• <u>Calf stretch with strap</u>
	o <u>Hip flexor stretch</u>
	o <u>Hamstring stretch</u>
	• <u>Piriformis stretch</u>
	o <u>Quad stretch</u>
	Pain-free ankle ROM
	o <u>Ankle pumps</u>
	o <u>Ankle inversion</u>
	o <u>Ankle eversion</u> .
	o <u>Ankle circles</u>
	o <u>Ankle alphabet</u>
	• <u>Seated windshield wipers</u>
	Strengthening
	• Non weight hearing him strengthening
	• Non-weight bearing hip strengthening
	SLP abduction
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#### PHASE I: ACUTE PHASE (0-8 WEEKS AFTER INJURY)

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	o <u>SLR extension</u>
	o <u>Sidelying clamshells</u>
	o <u>Sidelying hydrants</u>
	o <u>Bridging</u>
	Intrinsic muscle recruitment
	• <u>Towel crunches</u>
	o <u>Toe yoga</u>
	o <u>Foot doming</u>
	Open chain foot strengthening
	• <u>Ankle 4-way with resistance band</u>
	Core strengthening progression
	Cardio
	Upper body ergometer
Criteria to Progress	Confirmation via imaging (e.g., X-ray) of adequate signs of healing
	No pain to palpation at the site of fracture
	Pain-free during non-weight bearing activities of daily living

## PHASE II: SUBACUTE PHASE (9-12 WEEKS AFTER INJURY)

Rehabilitation	Restore full ankle and foot mobility
Goals	Begin weight bearing exercise
	Initiate full return to functional activity
	Weaning out of cast or boot and into supportive footwear
	Normalize gait pattern in supportive sneaker
Precautions	Monitor for any sign of recurring pain during exercise
	Avoid impact activities
Additional	Pain management
Interventions	Application of compression garments
*Continue with Phase	Use of shock-absorbing insoles
I interventions	Application of taping methods
	Manual therapy
	Mobilization of tibio-fibular joints
	Myofascial release of lower leg muscles
	Range of motion/Stretching
	Begin in weight bearing as tolerated
	• Gastroc stretch
	o Soleus stretch
	o Plantar fascia stretch
	• Kneeling plantarflexion stretch
	Strengthening
	Bilateral heel raises with increasing weight progressing to standing bilateral heel raises with
	increasing weight
	Standing hip abduction with resistance band
	Standing hip extension with resistance band
	Wall sits with resistance band
	Forward step ups
	Forward step downs
	<u>Forward step downs</u> <u>Cum aquinment: hemetring curl machine log extension machine log proce machine</u>
	• Gym equipment. <u>namstring curr machine</u> , <u>reg extension machine</u> , <u>reg press machine</u>
	Ralance / Propriocention
	Double limb standing balance utilizing upoyer surface (i.e. webble beard feam) with
	Double hind statuting balance utilizing uneven surface (i.e. wobble board, foalin) with     progression to single limb balance on uneven ground
	progression to <u>single timb balance on uneven ground</u>

	Cardio <ul> <li>Swimming or cycling</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Alter-G walking program with progression to land walking program as tolerated</li> </ul>
Criteria to	Pain should be significantly reduced or absent
Progress	Ability to perform activities of daily living without pain
	<ul> <li>Dorsiflexion PROM symmetrical to contralateral side</li> </ul>
	Complete a 30-minute walk with minimal to no increase in pain

## PHASE III: STRENGTHENING PHASE (13-18 WEEKS AFTER INJURY)

Rehabilitation	Achieve normal lower extremity kinetic chain strength and muscle length
Goals	Enhance endurance of the muscles of the foot and lower extremity
	Promote proper movement patterns
	• Gradually increase exercise intensity (no more than 15% increase of distance per week)
Precautions	Avoid activities that cause pain
	Continue to avoid impact activities
Additional	Stretching
Intervention	Maintain stretching program focused on mobility throughout the kinetic chain
*Continue with	
Phase I-II	Strengthening
Interventions	Gradually increase load as tolerated
	<ul> <li><u>Bilateral squats progressing to single leg squats</u></li> </ul>
	<ul> <li><u>Bilateral deadlifts</u> progressing to <u>single leg deadlifts</u></li> </ul>
	o <u>Split squats</u>
	o <u>Lateral step downs</u>
	o <u>Forward lunges</u>
	o <u>Backward lunges</u>
	o <u>Standing clamshells with resistance band</u>
	o <u>Side steps with resistance band</u>
	o <u>Monster walks with resistance band</u>
	Balance/Proprioception
	<u>Single limb balance</u> on uneven surface including perturbation training
	Plyometrics
	Initiate Beginner Level plyometrics:
	• Once able to perform 3 sets of 15 of bilateral standing heel-raises with equal weight
	bearing progress to <u>bilateral rebounding heel raises</u> .
	• Once able to perform 3 sets of 15 unilateral heel raises progress to <u>rebounding</u>
	<u>unilateral heel raises</u> .
	<ul> <li>Once able to demonstrate good performance/tolerance with rebounding heel raises</li> </ul>
	then initiate <u>bilateral hopping</u> and progress to <u>unilateral hopping in place</u> .
	Cardio
	Cycling or elliptical
	Alter-G reduced weight-bearing running program when able to perform bilateral hopping without
	pain
Criteria to	No pain during or after exercise
Progress	Able to perform 25 single leg heel raises without pain
	80% LSI of quad, hamstring, and gluteus medius strength with HHD
	Negative hop test/satisfactory performance in double and single leg hopping tasks
	No swelling/pain with 30 minutes of fast-paced walking

#### PHASE IV: RETURN TO RUNNING/SPORT (4-6 MONTHS AFTER INJURY)

Rehabilitation	Resume full, unrestricted participation in sports and activities
Goals	Symmetrical performance with sport specific drills
	Initiate return to ground running program
	Continue proper load management and progression to full activity
Precautions	Avoid painful running and impact related activity
Additional	Running
Intervention	Interval running program ( <u>Return to running program</u> )
*Continue with	• Start at 50% of pre-injury running intensity and increase no more than 10-15% each
Phase I-III	week
interventions	
	Plyometrics and Agility:
	Criteria to progress to the <u>agility and plyometrics program</u> :
	<ul> <li>Good tolerance/performance of beginner level plyometrics in previous phase</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Completion of Phase 1 return to running program with good tolerance</li> </ul>
	Multi-plane sport specific plyometrics program
	Multi-plane sport specific agility program
	Include hard cutting and pivoting depending on the individuals' goals
	• Non-contact practice $\rightarrow$ Full practice $\rightarrow$ Full play
Criteria to	95% LSI of quad, hamstring, and gluteus medius strength with HHD
Progress	• Hop Testing ≥95% compared to contralateral side, demonstrating good landing mechanics
	Participate in running, plyometrics, and sports and activities without pain or swelling

Contact	Please email MGHSportsPhysicalTherapy@partners.org with questions specific to this protocol

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