



Healey & AMG Center

Sean M. Healey & AMG Center for ALS
at Massachusetts General Hospital



EVERYTHINGALS
CARE TO CURE

RAPAtherapeutics

Webinar

RAPA Therapeutics Expanded Access Program: Epigenetically Reprogrammed T Stem Cell Therapy

James D. Berry, MD – mPI

Suma Babu, MBBS – mPI

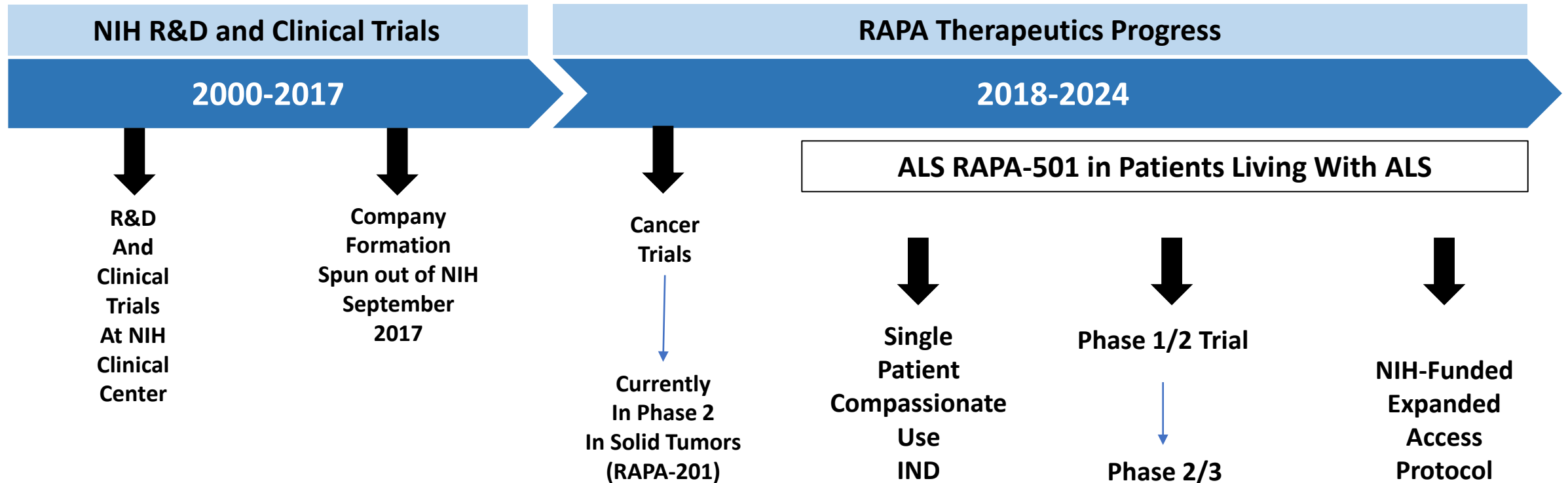
Sabrina Paganoni, MD, PhD – mPI

RAPA Therapeutics – Regulatory Sponsor

NINDS - Funder

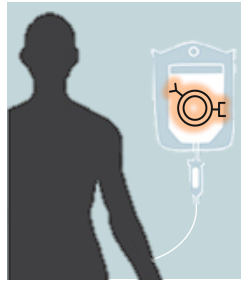
RAPA-501 Cell Product Overview

RAPA Cell Therapy Development Timeline

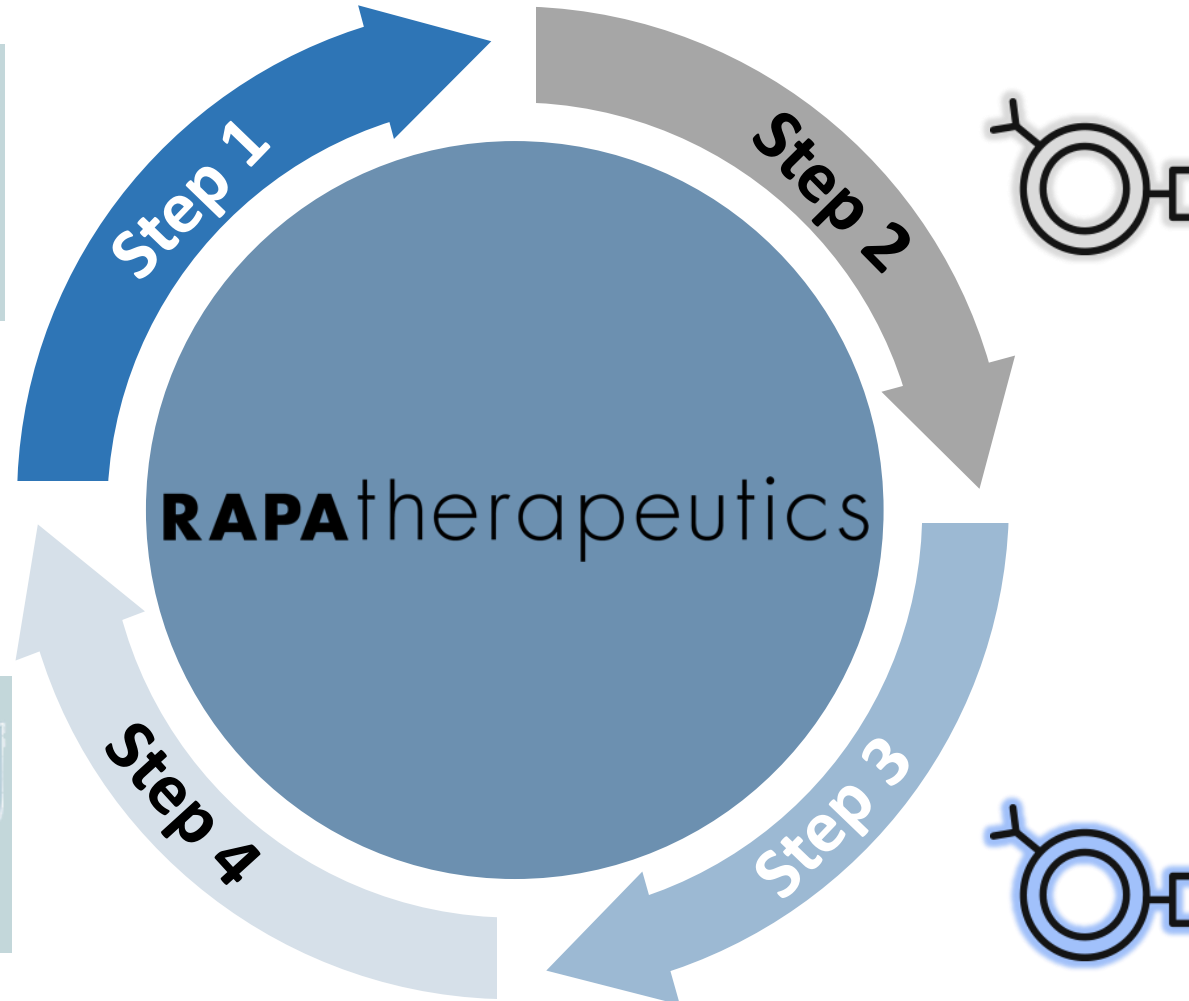


RAPA-501 Autologous T_{REG}/Th2 Therapy of ALS

Step 1
Patient T-Cells are harvested through apheresis and shipped to RAPA



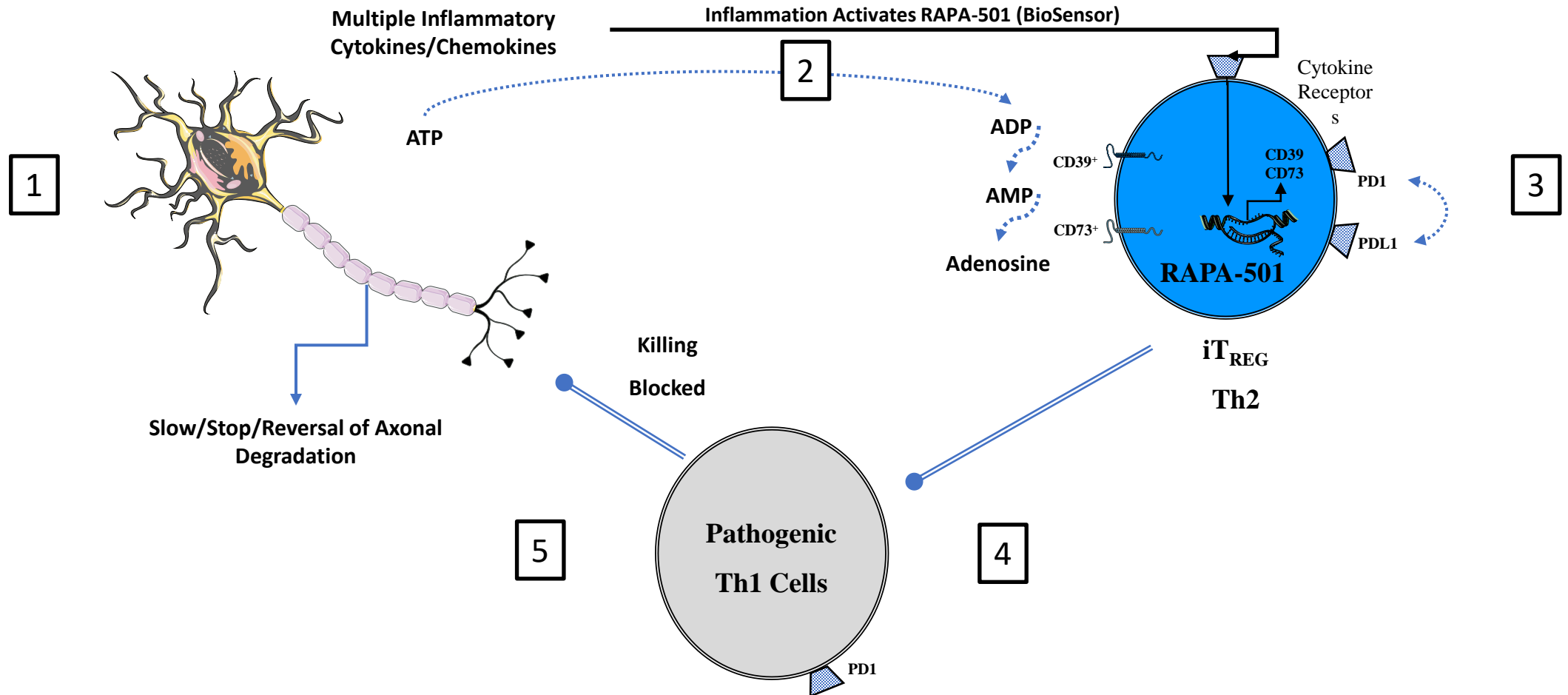
Step 4
RAPA-501 are infused (IV) back into patient for anti-inflammatory treatment. Cells are a “living drug”



Step 2
T-cells undergo DE-DIFFERENTIATION through RAPA’s proprietary epigenetic reprogramming

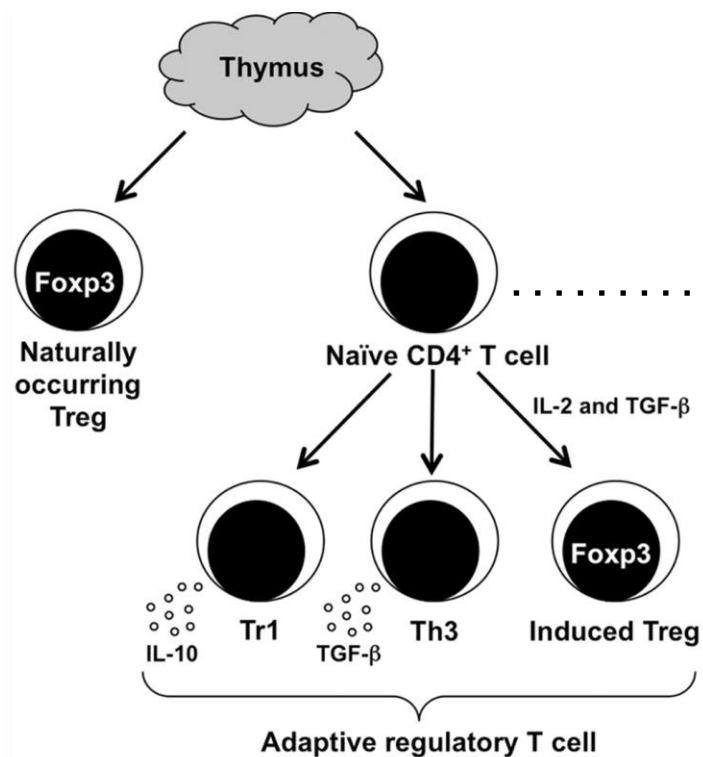
Step 3
RAPA’s proprietary RE-DIFFERENTIATION process is completed in 1 week; T cells are sent back to treatment facility

Mechanism of Action RAPA-501 T_{REG}/Th2 Cell Therapy of ALS



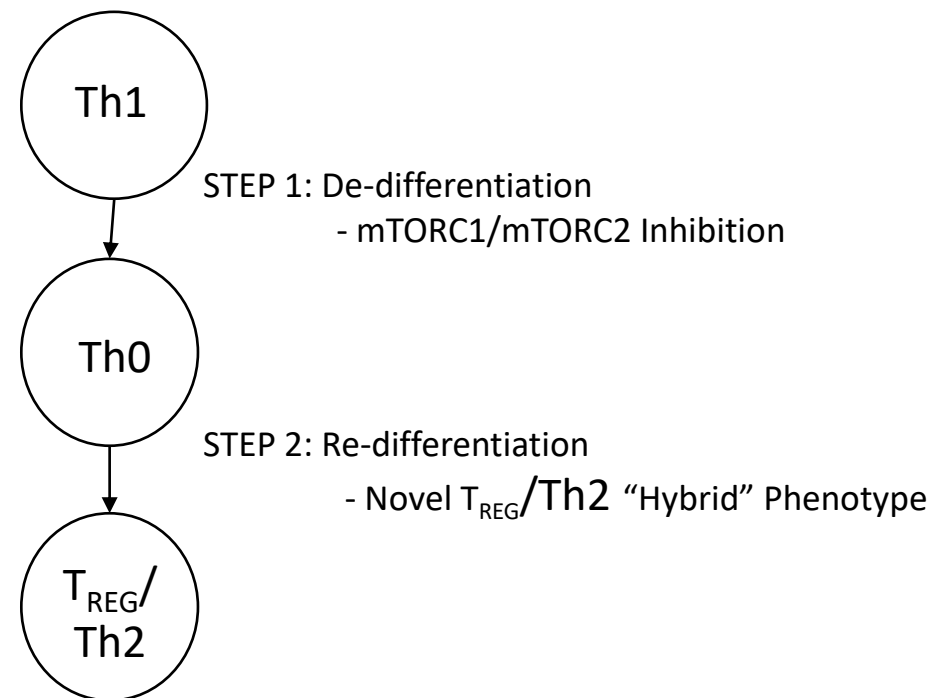
RAPA-501 $iT_{REG}/Th2$ Relative to Other T_{REG} Populations

Conventional Pathways of T_{REG} Development



(Nishimoto and Kuwana; Seminars in Hematology, 2013)

RAPA-501 Proprietary Two-Step Process For Induced (i) $T_{REG}/Th2$ Cell Generation

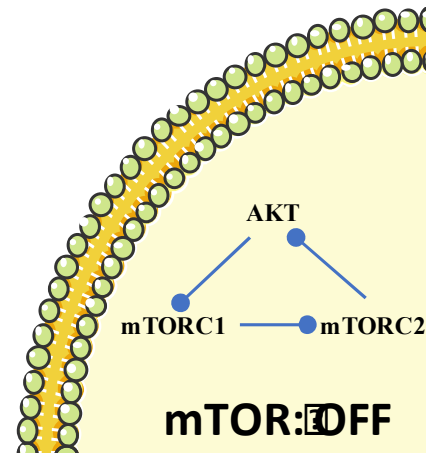


RAPA-501 Therapy of ALS/Neurodegenerative Disease and Autoimmunity: Epigenetically Reprogrammed

RAPA-501 T_{REG}/Th2 Cells

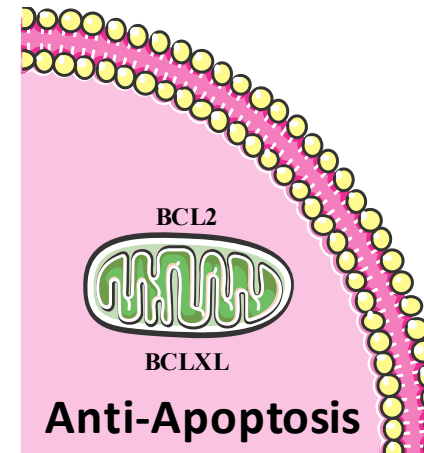
mTORC1 and mTORC2 Blockade

Erases Inflammatory Fate
Permits Reprogramming



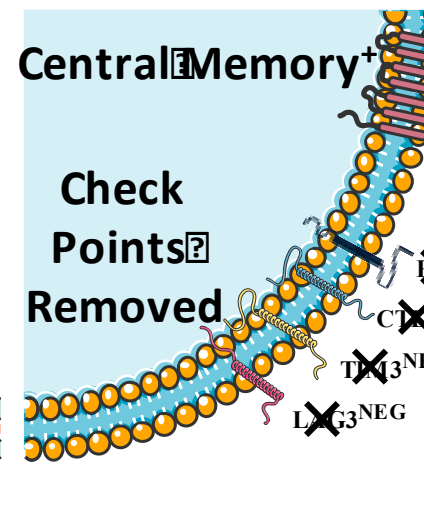
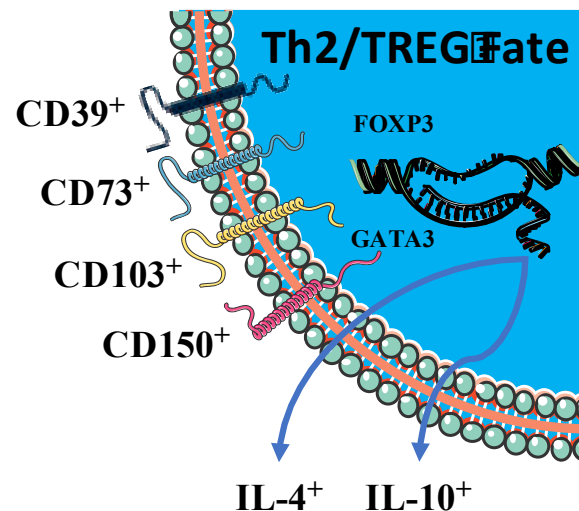
Metabolic Fitness

Allows T Cell Therapy
Without Conditioning
Chemotherapy



Multi-Faceted Immune Suppressive Function

Th2 Cytokines
Homing Molecules
Inflammasome Inhibition

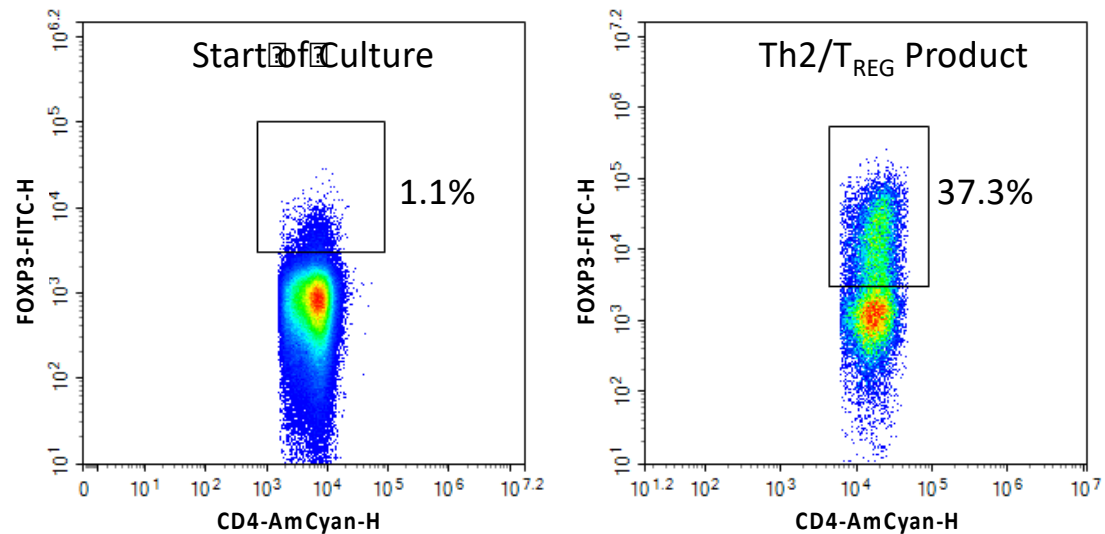


T Stem Memory and Checkpoints Removed

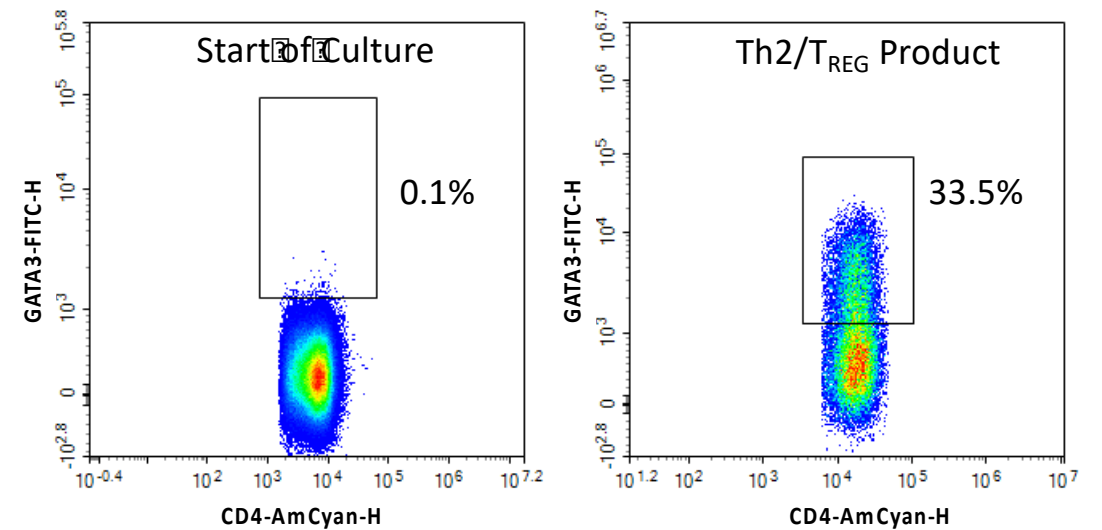
Long-Lasting
In Vivo Effects

RAPA-501 Express Both FOXP3 and GATA3 Transcription Factors

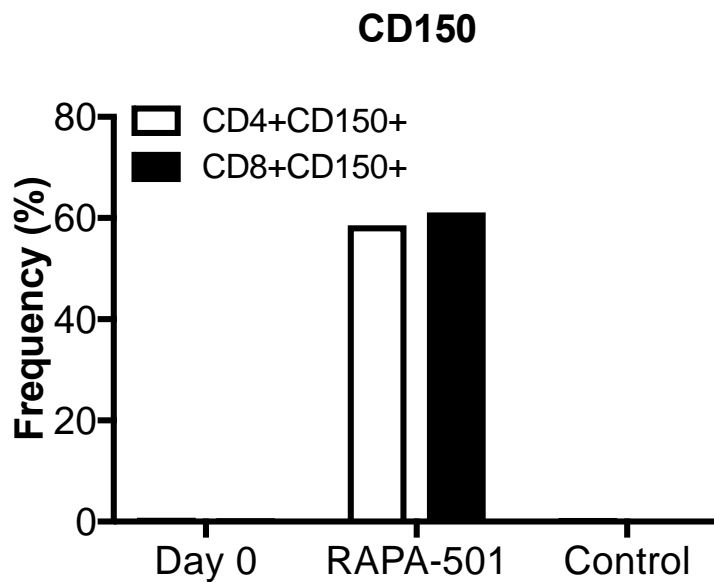
T_{REG} Factor, FOXP3



Th2 Factor, GATA3



RAPA-501 Express a T Stem Cell Phenotype



Various Forms of “Stem Cell Therapy”

**Neurologic
Stem Cell**

Various
Trials
In pwALS

**Hematopoietic
Stem Cell
Transplantation**

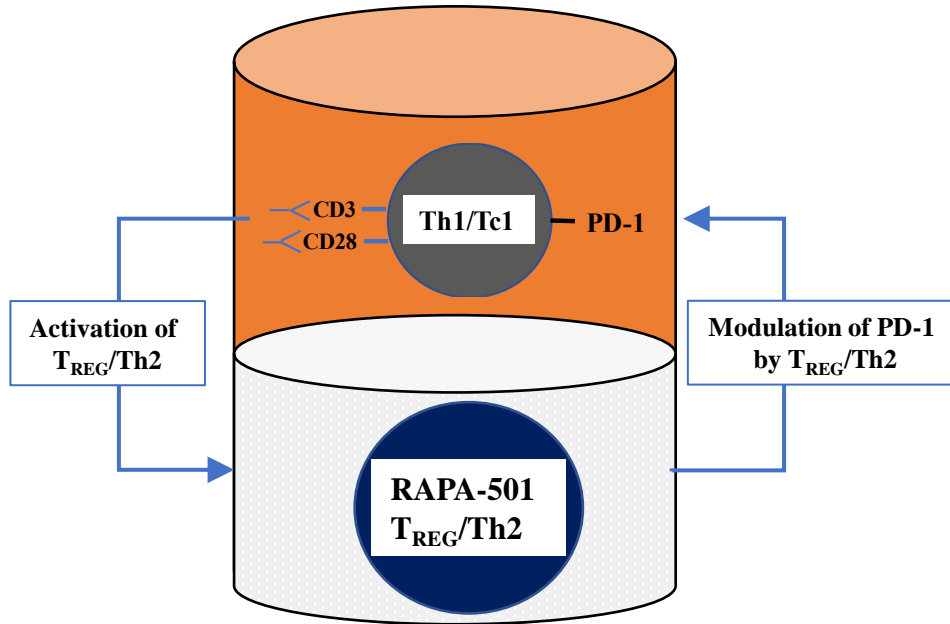
Standard
Therapy of
Blood Cancers

**Immune T
Stem Cell**

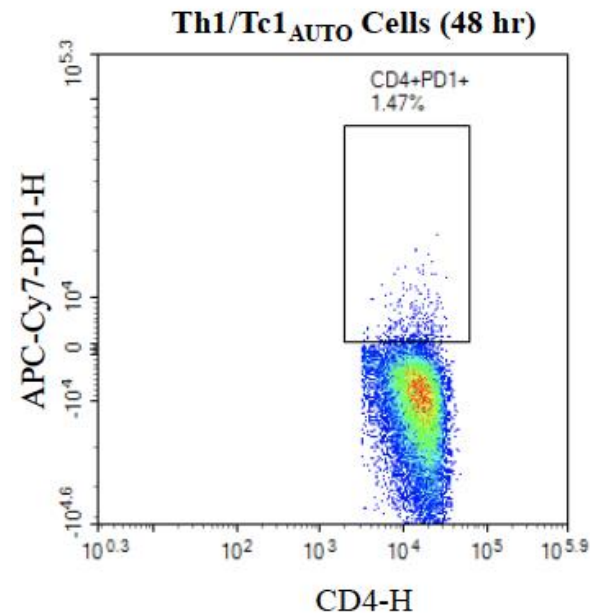
RAPA-501
Trials
In pwALS

RAPA-501 Up-Regulates PD1 Checkpoint on Inflammatory T Cells

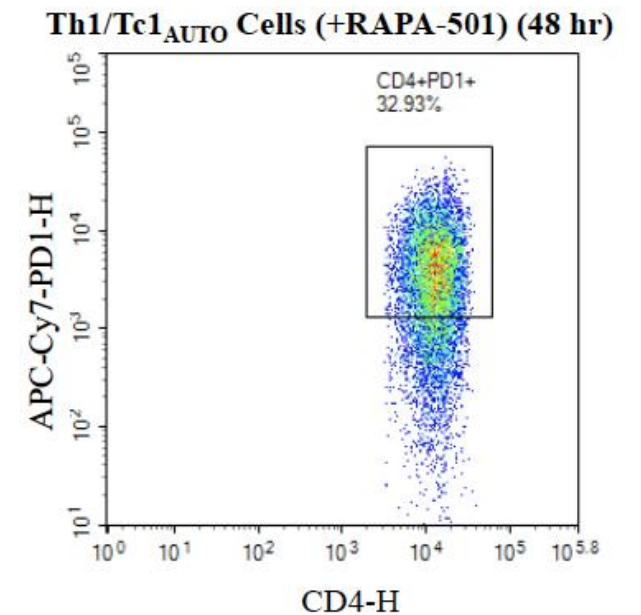
PD1 Checkpoint Upregulation



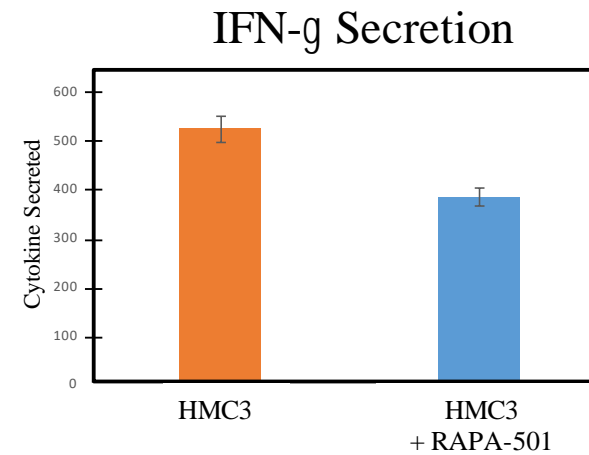
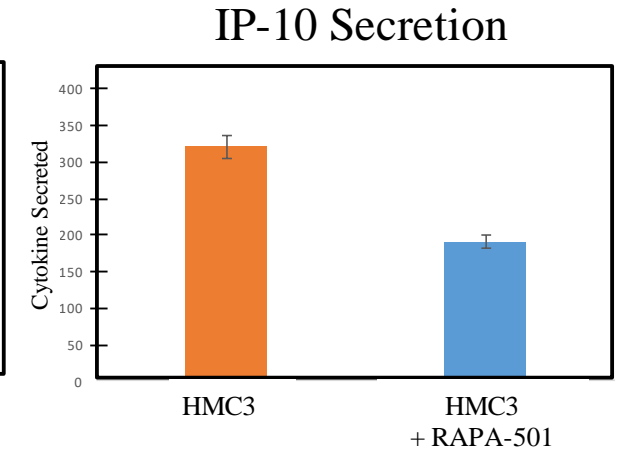
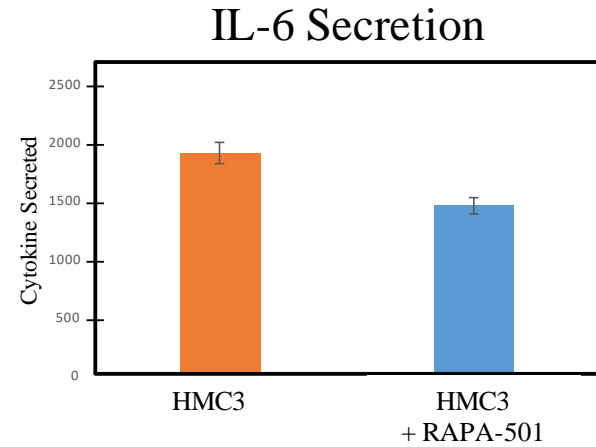
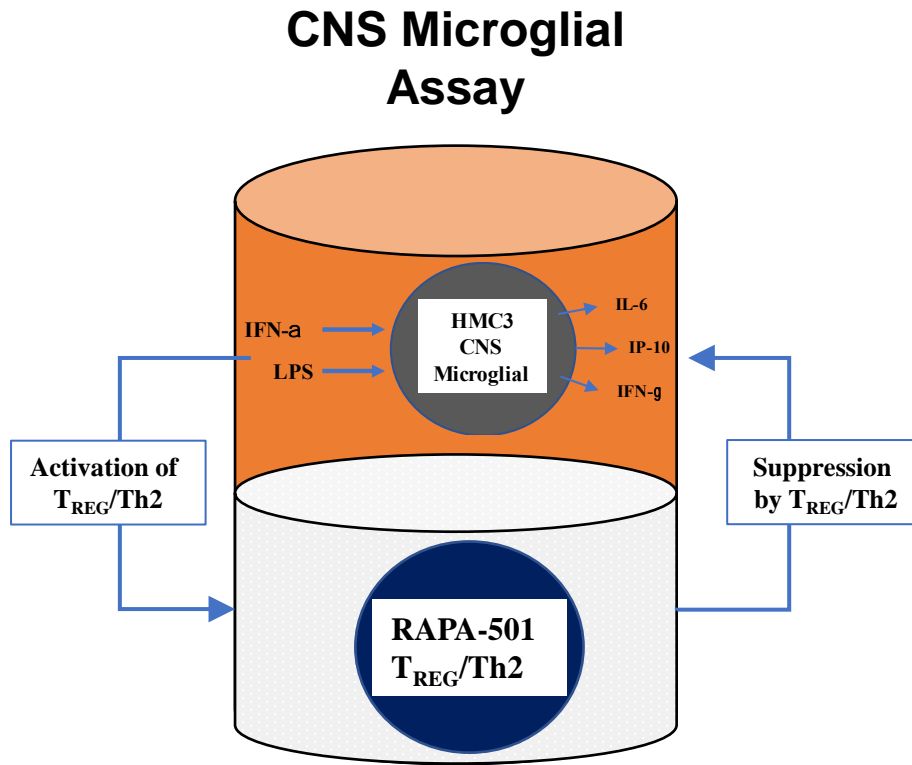
Inflammation Driven By Low PD1



RAPA-501 Increases PD1 Checkpoint



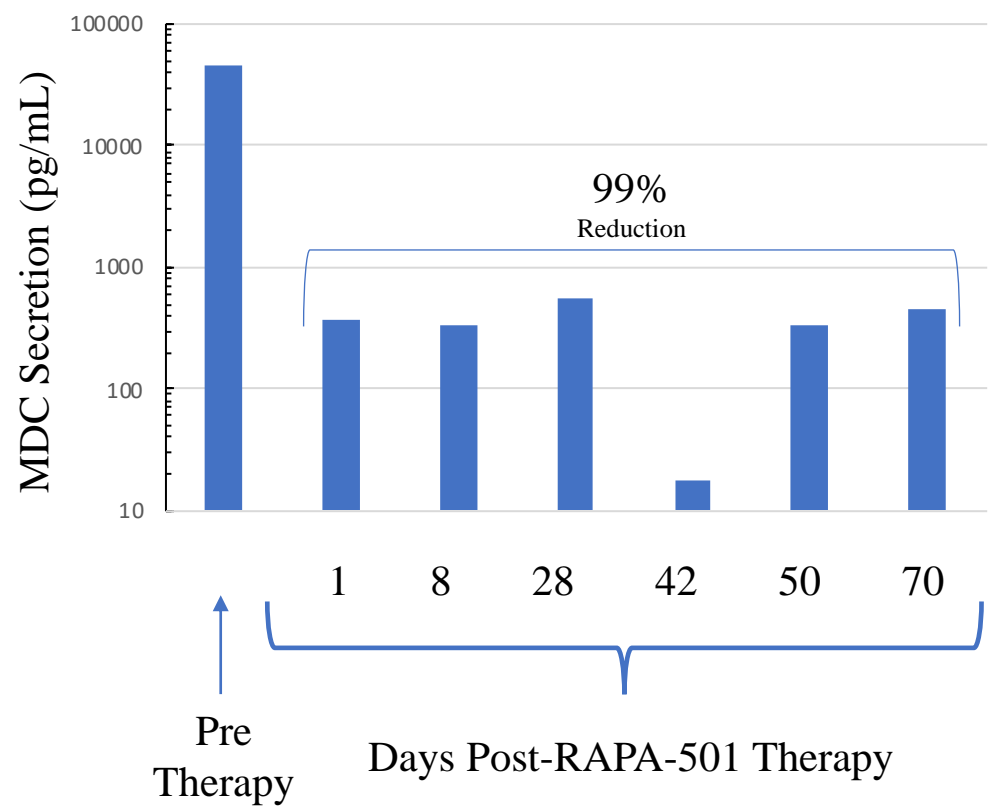
RAPA-501 Suppresses Human CNS Inflammatory Microglial Cells



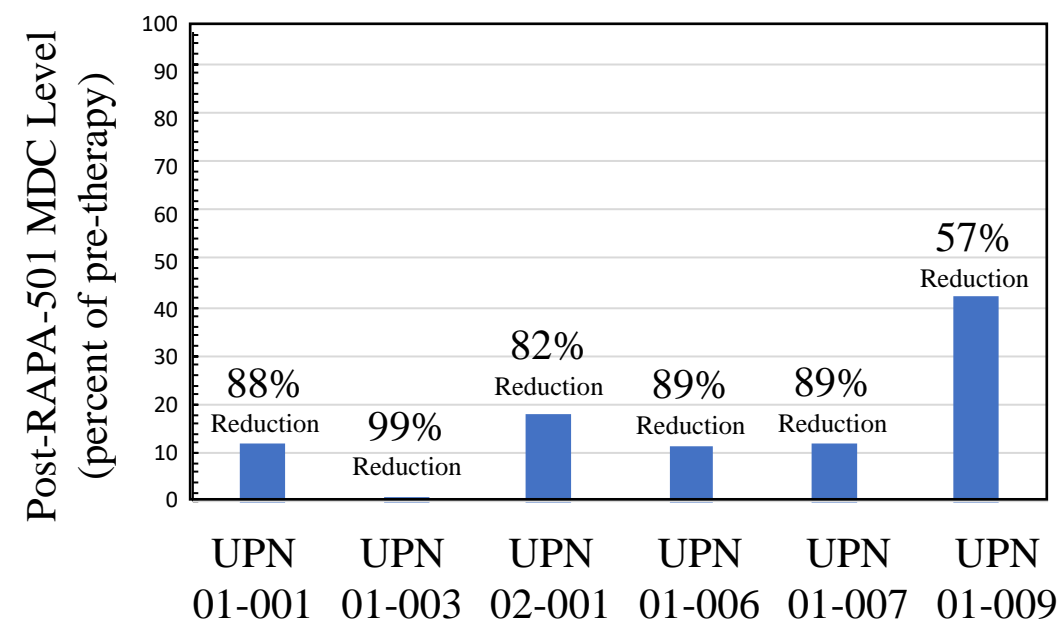
RAPA-501 Phase I Completed in Patients Living With ALS

Very Good Safety (No Product-Related Adverse Events) and Clear Biological Effect

Rapid and Durable Anti-Inflammatory Effect (MDC Levels; UPN 01-003)



Consistent Anti-Inflammatory Effect on Phase 1 (MDC Levels; Phase 1 Patients)



RAPA-501 EAP Study Overview

NIH Funded RAPA-501 Expanded Access Protocol

PRESS RELEASE · OCT | 5 | 2023

Sean M. Healey & AMG Center for ALS awarded NIH UO1 Grant to support Rapa Therapeutics' Expanded Access Protocol of Epigenetically Reprogrammed RAPA-501

The Sean M. Healey & AMG Center for ALS at Massachusetts General Hospital has been awarded a three-year grant to support Rapa Therapeutics' intermediate size Expanded Access Protocol (EAP) in Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS) from the National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke (NINDS) at the National Institutes of Health (NIH).

The grant is supported by the ACT for ALS (Accelerating Access to Critical Therapies for ALS Act). This EAP will evaluate the benefits of Rapa Therapeutics' (Rapa) investigational product RAPA-501, an Epigenetically Reprogrammed Autologous Hybrid T_{REG}/Th2 T-Stem Cell Therapy, in people living with ALS (pwALS). The project will be led by Healey & AMG Center faculty, Drs. Suma Babu, MBBS, MPH James Berry, MD, MPH and Sabrina Paganoni, MD, PhD in conjunction with Rapa.



(ClinicalTrials.gov, Protocol Identification Number, NCT06169176)

RAPA-501 Expanded Access Protocol: Definitions

NIH NINDS Expanded Access Program in ALS

- Grant program for research using data from expanded access to investigational drugs
- Specifically designed for individuals not otherwise eligible for ALS-related clinical trials
- Funded by ACT for ALS
- Must not interfere with ongoing clinical development

Defining the EAP Population

- Slow Vital Capacity (SVC): must be < 50% of predicted normal value
- Otherwise relatively open inclusion criteria
 - sporadic or familial
 - El Escorial Criteria → possible or greater category
 - OK to continue other medications
 - No restriction on time from diagnosis
 - NOTE: must have sufficient immune T cells for RAPA-501 manufacturing
 - CD3⁺ T cell count \geq 500 cells per microliter

RAPA-501 EAP: EVERYTHING ALS COLLABORATION

AIM #1: Accrual/Involvement

- 40 participants
- Offer access to RAPA-501 to participants unable to access it in trials
- Help ensure prompt accrual of a diverse population of people living with ALS

AIM #2: Data Collection

- Safety/Tolerability
- Effects on Immune Function and NfL (blood collection)
- ALSFRS-R, ROADS, and Vital Capacity
- Remote Monitoring (Everything ALS)
 - Proctored Sessions approximately every 2 weeks
 - Home Data Collection (Everything ALS):
 - Surveys (ALSFRS-R and ROADS)
 - Respiratory Pulmonary Function Testing (SVC, Zephyrx Spirometer)
 - Speech Analysis (Aural Analytics)
 - Accelerometry Activity Monitoring

RAPA-501 EAP: Study Objectives

Scope of Study

- 40 participants
- 10 ALS trial centers

Primary Objective

- Provide PALS with Access to RAPA-501
- Evaluate the Feasibility and Safety of RAPA-501 in plwALS and VC<50%

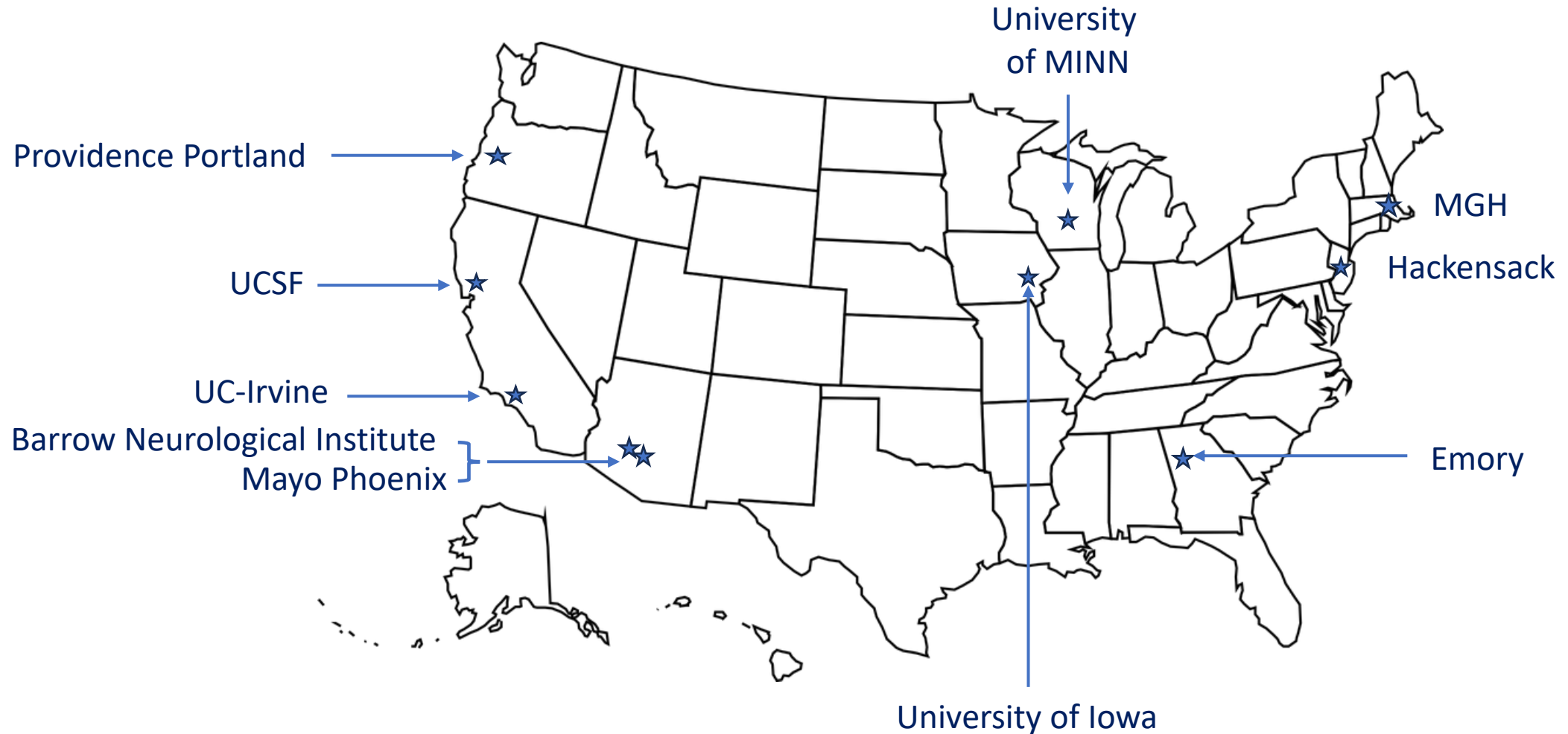
Secondary Objectives

- Characterize Immune System Pre- and Post-RAPA-501
- Assess NfL changes
- Monitor Clinical Measures (ALSFRS-R, ROADS, VC)
- Use the Origent Prediction Algorithm to create “synthetic” controls and determine potential effect on ALSFRS-R, VC, and Survival

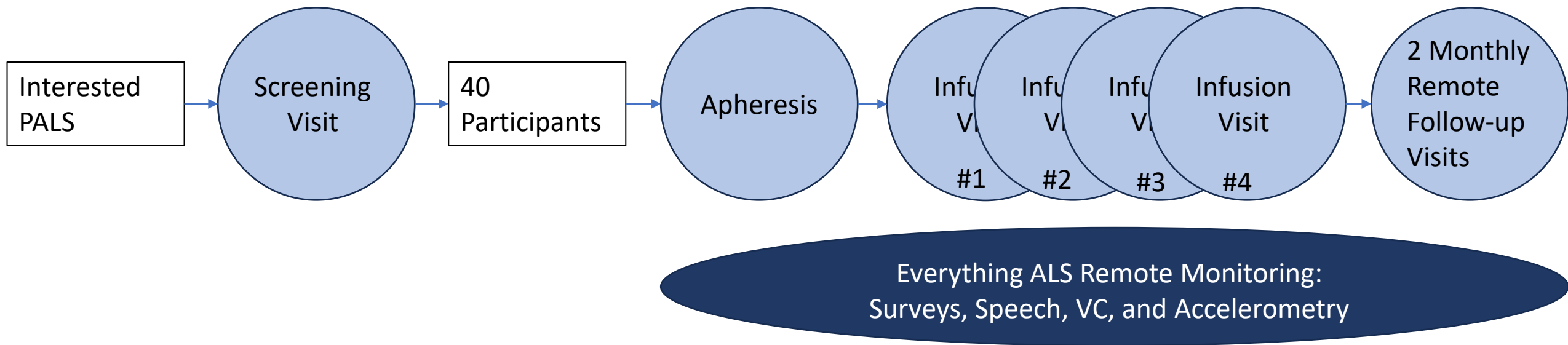
Exploratory Objective

- Collect data from participants in their homes using simple to use tools provided by the study
- Collaboration with Everything ALS

RAPA-501 EAP: Potential Clinical Trial Sites



RAPA-501 EAP: Study Flow



RAPA-501 EAP: Schedule of Activities

Procedure	SCREEN ^g	APHERESIS	Cycle 1 Day 1 (d 35)	Cycle 2 Day 1 (d 77) ^e	Cycle 3 Day 1 (d 119) ^e	Cycle 4 Day 1 (d 161) ^e	Follow-up Visit (d 190) ^e	Virtual Follow-Up (d 220 and 250)
Visit Window (calendar days)		Day 0	± 14	± 14	± 14	± 14	± 14	
Informed Consent	X							
Medical History/Demographics	X							
Con Med Review	X	(Con Meds will be reviewed throughout)						
Physical Exam	X		X	X	X	X	X	
Vital Signs	X		X	X	X	X	X	
Height	X							
Weight	X		X	X	X	X	X	
Blood Tests ^a	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
TBNK Immune Testing ^b	X		X	X	X	X	X	
Pregnancy Test	X		X	X	X	X		
AE Review/Evaluation	X	(AEs will be reviewed throughout)						
Viral Testing	X							
Lung Testing, Hand-Strength Testing ^c	X		X	X	X	X	X	
Apheresis		X						
RAPA-501 Cell Administration ^f			X	X	X	X		
Research Labs Sent to Sponsor	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Surveys ^d	X		X	X	X	X	X	X
Remote Monitoring ^f	(Remote monitoring performed throughout)							

RAPA-501 EAP: Thank You

Clinical Trial Participants and Families

NIH NINDS Expanded Access Program

Dr. Berry and Entire Team at Mass General

- Megan Okoro, Clinical Research Coordinator

Entire Team at RAPA Therapeutics

- Jenny Sunga and Sylvia Yip

Clinical Research Organization, Ozmosis

Clinical Trial Sites

Origent Data Sciences

Everything ALS

The ALS Association

ALS Northwest



Healey & AMG Center

Sean M. Healey & AMG Center for ALS
at Massachusetts General Hospital



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RAPAtherapeutics

**RAPA Therapeutics Expanded Access Program:
Epigenetically Reprogrammed T Stem Cell Therapy**

Questions and Answers

Questions about Participation:

Megan Okoro – mokoro@mgh.harvard.edu